Veto of the White Water Canal Loan

To the House of Representatives of the General As. be observed in the adoption of any measure having a REPORTED FOR THE SENTINEL BY A. M. CARNAHAN, ESQ. waiting an opportunity to take passage for New Orsembly of the State of Indiana.

GENTLEMEN: The accompanying bill entitled "an act in relation to that portion of the Northern Division of the Central Canal, which lies between Broad Ripple in Marion county, and Waverly in Morgan county," was passed at the last session of the General Assembly; but not having been presented to me until within "five days" (indeed less than twenty four hours) of the final adjournment of that session, and the intermediate time not being sufficient for such a consideration of the bill, as some of its provisions seemed clearly to demand, it was held over as authorized by the constitution, and is now respectfully returned to the house in which it originated, with the objections which have constrained me to withhold my probable that this would long be the only deficiency of of the statute. Affirmed. approval of the same.

Passing by the previous sections of the bill, a few remarks will first be submitted in relation to the 20th section. That section provides "that it shall be lawful for the treasurer of State to loan to the White Water Valley [Canal company, the State revenue col- plausibly urged that each part of the State is as much lected and to be collected for the year 1846, in the entitled to be favored as the others, and it is quite counties of Wayne, Rush, Henry, Fayette and Franklin, for the term of five years, provided said company and dangerous system of legislative expenditures, by shall give good and ample security, for the full payment of said principal and six per cent interest per annum until paid."

entitled "an act to incorporate the White water valcompany, all its rights to the line of the White water and insolvency hereafter. valley canal, from the Ohio river to the National Road, all materials procured and privileges obtained, therefor, and all expenditures which the State had whatever manner in a private enterprise, is but too made thereon; provided the company should complete frequently surrendered, or otherwise ultimately lost. the canal within five years from the first of March to the company the full amount of their expenditures ered to fix and regulate the amount of, and receive all the tolls and charges on the canal, to make their own of the profits of the canal or otherwise, is either good benefit. It appears further that the State had expend-ed upon the canal, before it was transferred to the present company, more than one million of dollars. (\$1,101,224 22) as appears by the Auditor's Report of the 22d of November, 1842, communicated to the

any share of the profits or any thing else for the first fifteen years after the completion of the canal, and after that period, the company, first retaining eight per cent. clear of all expenses, on the whole of their stock in the canal, were only to leave to the State the overplus, if any there should happen thereafter to be. When it is further considered that the sum expended upon the canal by the State before its transfer, was more than double the amount since expended by the company in its completion, it will be admitted that the State has, by the terms and cond tions of their disposing of the canal, shewn no lack opinion of the Secretary, Treasurer and Auditor it of liberality towards the company. But in addition to this, a loan is now sought from the State, by the company under the present bill, for the term of five years, of an amount of State revenue, which (as computed in the Auditor's Report of Nov, 3, 1846) ex-

ceeds fifty thousand dollars. president and directors of said company or any agent terms as should be agreed upon, the bonds of the company were to be given, which when duly issued were and bring it into use as soon as possible, could hardly to be a valid lien upon all the stock and effects of said have been intended to mean more than my legal opincompany in the order of their issue, and all the effects of the company both real and personal, were pledged January 13, 1846; for it is clear I had no official of the company both real and personal, were pledged for the punctual payment of the interest on said bonds sanction to give, by the terms of the law, to make it and their ultimate redemption. It thus appears that operative, and still less could my sanction be claimed by the act of transfer, the company was empowered to contract debts which would be prior lieus upon all as I gave my coinion in favor of dividing the work were outstanding and unpaid; and if the canal and corporate property should be pledged to the State as a security for the loan contemplated to be made, under this bill, it would become a question, whether such security would be satisfactory, incumbered as is by so large a debt which must first be paid. It appears to me indeed, to be an objectionable feature of the present bill, that it does not prescribe in a more definite manner, the kind of security that should not for the purpose of censuring others.

be given. Since the adjournment of the last legislature by certain proceedings in chancery, instituted by one Henry Vallette, as the complainant in the circuit court of the United States for Ohio, against said company it appears that bonds (of those above mentioned,) to the amount of \$112,000, dated January 1, 1845, were held to be hens preferable to any which the company could subsequently give, and an injunction was granted by the Judge of that court at his chambers in Cincinnati, on the 25th of September last, prohibiting the company from doing certain acts prejudicial by the State for purposes of navigation, in considerato the claim of the complament, and requiring them to make report of their receipts and expenditures to said court from time to time, until the whole of the demand shall be discharged. Since that time it is understood that the works of the company have been present plan. It is respectfully suggested too, that the same whigs—all but fourteen of them in one Isabel Graham, or charity's occasioned are much to be regretted, a due regard for commissioners, nor any new or modified contract preamble and all, rather than record their names The Hunters of Kentucky these losses should be considered as seriously dimin- by the legislature, or some other tribunal. This consideration could ever have tempted or provoked" ishing the means of the company, and as impairing the security which the canal itself might otherwise have afforded for the repayment of the loan.

But another and still more serious objection to this section of the bill arises from the fact that at the last two sessions of the legislature, acts were passed providing for the final satisfaction of the State debt, upon terms too requiring no increase of taxes for that purpose, and for that very reason, making all the available means in the treasury, necessary to carry the arrangement into effect. The means would have been amply sufficient to meet the first instalment of interest payable under this arrangement in July last, had it not been for several extraordinary appropriations made at the last session of the legislature. enable him to meet the interest under positive requirements of law. Had the contemplated loan been made to the White Water Valley canal company, it is manifest from what has already been said, that it amount elsewhere, to make up the reficiency, occasioned by such loan. Would not such a loan, at that particular time, have been calculated to shake the conoperation as the law of the land, and that being the case, even those originally opposed to the arrangement itself, would be rejoiced to see as much of our people there; and the impression prevails among them, set forth in said petition, and it appearing from an affidavit also ment itself, would be rejoiced to see as much of our the said defendant is not a resident of the State. State debt surrendered and satisfied under it as possible. Indeed, it would seem, that the leading objection to the arrangement was that but few bond holders had voted the necessary supplies as soon as possible they voted it while declaring it to be false; and secomparatively, would surrender under its provisions, after its meeting, it would have had the happiest ef- condly, because they voted it for the sake of voting, and thus controlling the canal, leave the large body of feet in Mexico, and in all probability would have se- at the same time, what they call "an unjust and agour creditors unprovided for. While it is gratifying to find that these fears are now shown to have been without substantial foundation, yet, it is apprehended, if the State by making the loan sought by the present bill, had been compelled to go into the market as a borrower, to get the money wherewith to meet the first interest due on the surrendered bonds, it would have materially checked, if not entirely prevented the

The success of the plan which had been adopted for the arrangement of the State bebt, depended upon the surrender, by the voluntary choice of the holders strong reason to apprehend that a measure of this for \$1,926, against Mr. White, in an action for slankind would have created a distrust in the minds of der. The defendant called the plaintiff a thief. the bond holders of the faithful application of the State revenue to the payment of the interest under THE SMALL Pox is reported by the Vermont papers, about 70,000 copies of Bibles and Testaments month- patronage of the school for that. The terms of tuition are from three the new arrangement, and thus have induced them to be extending over the Northeastern portion of that by-equal to 840,000 annually-and yet are not able to five dollars per session of fourteen weeks, according to the studies pursued by the pupil. The building is now in complete repair, having to a great extent to withhold their co-operation. State, Caledonia, Orange and Washington counties. to meet the constantly increasing demand. Both sour d policy and good faith therefore required In numerous cases it has proved fatal. that the means of the State should be carefully husunder which she had been so long, and (in the esti- of New Orleans.

mation of many) hopelessly depressed. At such a time, it appears to me that too much caution cannot tendency to divert the resources of the State, and thus prevent the accomplishment of this most desirable

The citizens of the State at large have cheerfully submitted to a State tax, rated as high as they could well bear, for the avowed purpose of paying the interest upon the public debt, and thus relieving themselves and the commonwealth from the stigma of insolvency or repudiation. If the loan now asked from the State should be greater, it necessarily follows that the tax payers of the State at large, including those of the Whitewater Valley, must be assessed as much more as will make up the deficiency. Are we sure that we have their consent to this! But it is not the kind to be thus supplied. If we have derived any one truth from the lessons of experience, of the last Redelsheimer et al., State v. Jones, State v. Evans, et al., teen were females. thirteen years in this State, it is that the grant of the | State v. Chittenden, State v. Hanna et al. Error from favor now sought, would stimulate and encourage similar applications from other quarters. It would be of the State v. Mason. doubtful if the precedent would not lead to a vicious exciting combinations of sectional interests for the purpose of aiding each other in procuring contributions from the treasury. Similar influences and a si-By the act approved on the 20th of January 1842, milar policy once brought our young State to the brink of ruin, from which we are just extricated, and it is ley canal company," the State transferred to that hoped we may avoid the seductive whirlpool of debt

experience has proven that public money, invested in be included in the computation.

1842, to Cambridge city, and that the State should in my judgement, is equally conclusive against it. have the privilege of redeeming the canal after the There is at this time, beyond doubt, a larger amount difference in the signification. Affirmed. period of fifteen years from its completion by paying of capital, in the hands of enterprizing individuals, in the United States than at any former period of our in its construction. The company was also empow- history. The security intended to be given by the regulations and by-laws, and if broken, to sue upon or it is bad. If it be a bad security, the money of them in any competent court for their own use and the people ought not to be lent upon it; and if it be come a law at the last session, did not prevent the required by a more recent injury.

The 8th section appropriates all money due from anew. lessees of water power thereon, and the further sum of fifteen thousand dollars from the treasury for repairs. As an expenditure equal to making these repairs was already authorized by the act of the General Assembly, approved January 13, 1846, if in the was deemed indispensible to repair any unusual breach therein, it did not become necessary for me to decide as to the appropriation by the present bill. The expenditure would have been made, it is presumed, the Agent to proceed to let out the work [for repairs] for the mode that was adopted for making the repairs, time three days longer, for commencing operations. Having no legal control in the matter, my opinion the purpose of placing myself right in the premises,

Before dismissing this subject, I would respectfully recommend that in appointing commissioners to hear and settle all matters in controversy between the State and the lessees of water power on the Central Canal, as provided in the first part of the bill, provision be also made that the assent of the lessees to the arrangement be severally ascertained,-that the commissioners, or others authorized to make new contracts with the lessees, by which the latter shall be empowered and required to take charge of and keep the canal in repair at their own expense, until needed parties, than as an act of justice to the feelings and upon the face" of the bill in its preamble. motives of the commissioners themselves.

withstanding my dissent.

JAMES WHITCOME.

December 7th, 1847. that a majority of the people of the United States are for themselves as a party, by proclaiming the pream- of Indiana. opposed to the war, and determined to bring it to a ble to the bill a falsehood! If it be a falsehood, so The said defendant, John Darrow, is therefore notified of the filclose. The officer further remarked, that, if Congress | much the worse for them, every way; first, because and that unless he will appear on the calling of the cause at the cured an early peace.

THE TOWN OF LAWRENCE. - The Lawrence (Mass.) Courier, Extra, contains a history and description of that town, with a map on a large scale. The first building was erected in 1845. There are now incorporated companies in the town with capitals amounting to \$5,500,000, for manufacturing purposes. In the course of the last year 7,735,000 bricks were laid. before Winchester's defeat, he solicited permission results of the Franklin County Seminary having received There are eight religious societies in the town.

of the bonds, which were outstanding; and there was on Friday week, a Mr. Jennison, obtained a verdict have saved our army.

banded to meet the new engagements she had made, | Ex-President Ty- has submitted a joint resolution in the Legislature of the situation, accompanied by the necessary testimonials, must be tor especially at a time when she was struggling earnest- | ler and lady, attended the ball given at Tammany | Pennsylvania, authorizing the Governor of the State | warded to the subscriber (post paid) on or before the 25th of March ly to relieve berself from the financial embarassments Hall, N. Y., in honor of the anniversary of the battle to procure a sword, and present it to General George next. Address:

SUPREME COURT OF INDIANA. November Term, 1847.

to lands. A plea of matters in pias was filed, verified by the oath of the Attorney for the defendants. It was stricks she acted woman's part, not only at Fort Brown, but en from the files on motion, because it was not verified by on other battle-fields. the oath of a defendant personally. Held that the motion was correctly granted.

Held, also that the bill does not make a sufficiently strong case to authorize an Injunction. Cause remanded, with instructions to dismiss the bill.

State v. Mason. - Error to the Allen C. C. An indictment founded on two statutes should conclude were destroyed. against the form of the statutes, and not against the form

State v. Shoaf. State v. Worthington et al., State v. the Allen C. C., and affirmed on the same principle as that Carlton et al. v. Hunter .- Error to the Lawrence C. C.

Per Curiam. It a record shows that a cause was submitted to the Court by the parties or their Attorneys, it need not show an express agreement by the parties to waive their right of trial by jury. The submission by the parties or their Attorneys is equivalent to a statement that the submission was by their consent. Affirmed.

Walpole v. Birchard. - Error to the Marion C. C. Held, per Curian - That the statute providing that appeals from the judgment of justices of the peace may be taken "within thirty days after the rendition of such judg-It is true it may be said that this is only a loan, but | ment," the day on which the judgment was rendered must

As a general rule, when the computation of time is to be made from an act done, the day on which the act is done But there is another view of this question, which, should be included. But where the words from and after are used as in the statute referred to, there is no essential

> Benson v. Rodney et al .- Error to the Parke C. C. Perkins, J .- To give a Court jurisdiction in foreign attachment, it is not necessary that the affidavit on which tachment has property in the State. R. S. 1843, p. 773, period of their enrollment, citizens and it sidents of the State of Insect. 49. Reversed.

completion of the repairs on the canal, for which the fore the pleadings and issues were properly adjusted. De- out of any moneys in their hands, accruing from taxes collected for loan was sought. The same considerations, it is murrers to some of the pleas remained undisposed of, and the state or county, such sums respectively as may have been col-In return for all this, the State was not to receive hoped, will enable the company to effect the repairs other pleas unanswered. As there are either numerous for said year. mistakes in the record, or in the pleadings as originally SEC. 3. That in case any one or more of said volunteers shall The remaining sections of the bill are mainly occu- filed, all the proceedings will be reversed to the filing of be chargeable with county or State taxes for the year 1847, which pied in relation to that part of the northern division the pleas, and joinder of issue, upon the plea of non asof the Central Canal, and which is indicated by its sumpsit, and the cause remanded, with leave to the par-

> Allen v. Hardesty .- Error to the Vermillion C. C. \$30, but the costs in the case, including those before the death of any such volunteers, their widows, or legal justice, were taxed against the plaintiff. Held, that the representatives shall be entitled to all the privileges hereby excosts were correctly taxed. . Affirmed.

JANUARY, 20th. The State v. Irwin .- Error to the Marion C. C. SMITH, J - The defendant was fined, for contempt of War. whether the present bill had been approved or not. I Court in failing to obey its process summoning him as a the said county treasurer, state treasurer, and courts doing county will merely remark, however, that the statement of juror, and judgment for the amount of the fine and the business, shall be governed in all respects by the act to which this By the 18th section of the company's charter, the the Auditor in his annual report of this session, "that costs of the attachment rendered against him. The prosethe State officers, after mature deliberation, and with cuting Attorney thereupon moved the Court to order a passage and publication in the Indiana State Journal and State the sauction of the Governor, determined that they docket fee to be taxed for him, against the defendant as Sentinel. gotiate loans, and for the payment thereof on such could not discharge their duties without authorizing part of the costs of the prosecution, which motion was

> Held, that the act of February 7th, 1831, authorized docket fees to be taxed in favor of prosecuting Attorneys, only in cases of conviction upon presentment or indictment, and on parture of applications for divorce. The R. S. 1843, p. 1050 abolishing docket fees in certain cases left this part of the act in force, but it affords no authority Of the Indiana State Historical Society for the motion made in this case. Affirmed. State v. Garner - Error to the Marion C. C.

their property. At the time of the passage of the into smaller jobs, as being calculated to finish the rebill under consideration, bonds of the company to the pairs sooner and cheaper, than by the system of large and requiring the county commissioners to be governed by amount of more than \$112,000, had been issued, and contracts. I also advised a somewhat longer notice the result of that vote in granting or withholding liceuse so as to invite a larger competition. My advice to retail spirituous liquors, did not repeal the penal section was adopted, I believe, only so far as to extend the | in the R. S. against retailing without license. Affirmed. Thayer v. Dove .- Error to the Seuben C. C

SMITH, J .- In a suit commenced before a justice of was only advisory, and as I had no practical skill in the peace when process had not been served on the dethe subject, it was given with deference. The matter fendant three days before the time set for trial by the jusis now referred to (after what has been said) only for tice, and a motion was made to dismiss the suit for that reason, which motion was overruled, and the defendant ners and character of the inhabitants. then applied for a continuance and a trial was had pursuant to such continuance which resulted in a judgment for the paintiff. The defendant after such trial must be UST received from Cincinnati and the Eastern cities, a large considered as having waived his right to have the suit dismissed for want of a sufficient notice, and the dismissal of The Boys' Winter Book. the suit by the Circuit Court, on appeal, on a motion by Milton's poems. the defendant, for that reason, was erroneous. Reversed. Slick v. Bundy .- Error to the Steuben C. C. Affirm - D'Aubigne's history of reforma-

> The Whigs, and the War Bill and its Preamble.

The whigs claim that their representatives in Contion that the present amount of their rent shall un- war bill as a separate proposition, declaring that "war Leondla Lynmore, or lesson for The Ocean Child, or lost vessel dergo a reasonable and corresponding reduction. I be- existed by the act of Mexico," because that declara- young wives heve such a change might be made as would be far tion was a falsehood. They claim further, that when The Drama at Pokerville more advantageous to all parties concerned, than the it was found impossible to strike out the preamble, Wandering Jew provision be mode that no settlement reported by the house, and two in the other-voted for the bill, false reward made by them, be regarded as valid until confirmed against the bill. This, Mr. Clay says, "no earthly seems to be required no less by the interest of the him to do, because of "the palpable falsehood stamped

In conclusion, the regret I have felt in differing in | for which, the whigs consented to vote this "palpable sonal estate of said deceased is insufficient to pay the debts due opinion on the important questions involved in this falsehood?" It was a bill to wage a war of invasion from the same, and praying that a portion of the real estate of said deceased be sold and made assets in his hands for the purpose of bill, has been greatly lessened by the reflection, that upon Mexico. It was a war bill placing at the dispo- paying the debts due from said estate, and also an affidavit showing the canal repairs therein contemplated have been ef- sal of the President the whole army and navy of the that Mary Catharine Fryberger and Elizabeth Ann Fryberger, fected, and it is trusted as well and as early as though United States, and fifty thousand volunteer soldiers of Indians. It is therefore ordered by the court, that the said Mathe bill had been approved; and in the further reflec- besides, together with ten millions of dollars, "to ry Catharine Fryberger and Elizabeth Ann Fryberger be notified tion, that it is yet competent for a bare majority of prosecute the war with Mexico to a speedy and sucthe members elected in each House to pass it, not- cessful termination." In voting this bill, with or published in Indianapolis in this 8 ate, according to law, and that without the preamble, the whigs voted the invasion unless they appear on the first day of the next term of said court, and plead, answer or demur to said petition, the same will be taken of Mexico with a great force. Nay, more; they ac- for confessed, and heard in their absence. tually voted what they themselves call "a palpable E. S. Stone, Counsel for petitioner. JOHN G. BURNS, Cik. falsehood," FOR THE SAKE of voting such an invasion The Washington Union says: Accounts are of Mexico! There is no pretence in any quarter that State of Indiana, Hamilton county, 58. compelled to borrow temporarily, a small balance, to pouring in upon us from the army, respecting the anybody ever thought so many men and so much monopinion of the officers upon the best mode of carrying ey needful merely to protect Gen. Taylor from the Rosannah Kinder, Margaret Kinder, John Kinder, Harvey Kinder, on the war, and obtaining a prompt and honorable Mexican army mustered on the Rio Grande, or that Thomas Kinder, Peter Kinder, by Edward Hall, their next peace. We have conversed with some of the officers the force was voted for any such sole purpose. But Smith, Phebe Smith and Henry C. Smith. who have arrived in this city. There seems to be this is not left to conjecture or inference, however THE said petitioners by their counsel having filed in the office very little diversity of opinion upon this question. certain; for in about a week after the vote was given, disinterested person, showing that Jane Smith, John C Smith, would have been necessary for the State to have imarrived this week from the city of Mexico, that he Resaca de la Palma, showing that Gen. Taylor was the said bill of complaint horein, are not residents of the State of Indiana Therefore the said defendants are hereby notified of the does not know an officer, who, whatever may be his safe. And what then? Not a finger did the whigs pendency of said bill of complaint, and the unless they appear on desire to return to the United States, hesitates to say lift to stop him on the Rio Grande, or stay his inva- the calling of the cause on the first day of the next term of this that to withdraw the troops from Mexico, or to occupy sion of Mexico with the large force they had voted matters and things therein contained as to them, will be taken as late legislation, and would not its tendency have been to prevent the surrender of any bonds after the 1st of early peace is a vigorous prosecution of the war. and pressing lorward his preparations to invade Mex-July last, and of thereby throwing the one half of them We further learn, that the officers of the army, of ico; and during those months not only did the whigs whitever party, with great unanimity, attribute the make no movement in Congress to forbid him to prorangement, by the day last named, to cause it to go into prolongation of the war to our party feeds; that the ceed, but their journals were loud in charging the

gressive war of invasion," standing upon that very alleged falsehood as a main justification! - W.

West, died at his residence near Toledo, on the 15th Dec. He acted as scout for our armies in 1812, and passed through many perilous adventures. The day to go on a scout to Brownstown, which was denied.

All of that day the British were crossing on the ice and Cincinnati Classical Academy, the Trustees are desirons of pro-

07 Mr. MATHIAS, a Senator from Philadelphia,

It is said that the Heroine of Fort Brown, known as the "Great Western," was lately at Brazos Island. JANUARY, 10th, 1848. leans, being in feeble health-and that no individual Lucas et al. v. Weider-Appeal from the Tippecanoe has passed down the line, who has received throughout a more hearty greeting from teamster and soldier, PERKINS, J -Bill for an injunction to restrain trespass and officer, than "Western;" and richly does she de-

> THE A. N. JOHNSON. - The loss of life on this boat has been, we regret to announce, greatly under estimated. It now appears that instead of eighty lives being lost, in all, one hundred and fourteen persons

THE FAIR SEX IN GEORGIA. -Out of the 1.091 convicts received into the Georgia penitentiary, only fif-

Business of M. & I. Railroad during the week ending Jun. 15, 1848. OUTWARD. INWARD. 431 passengers 466 passengers

532 bils salt 1793 bils flour 45 " molasses 481 " lard 66 " whiskey 14 " apples 13 " laid oil 59 " wheat 9 half bils beer 4557 bush. do o ploughs 211 " seed 1 wagon 1482 " corn 60 " barley 5 kegs powder 318 bush. coal 50 " beans 79,266 lbs merchandise 244 " bran 51 casks bacon

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "an act for the benefit of the Volunteers for the Mexican War, and for the relief of county treasurers. Secretor 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, That the provisions of an act, entitled "an act for the

305 kegs lard

15,000 hoop poles

18,105 lbs other freight

benefit of the volunteers of the Mexican War, and for the relief of the writ issues should show that the defendant in the atas to extend to such volunteers in the Mexican Was, as were at the Taylor v. Spencer.—Error to the Tippecanoe C. C. Sec. 2. That it shall be the duty of the County Treasurer of any of the counties of this State, in which any volunteers after-

said shall have had taxes charged against them, either for county or Muir . White .- Error to the Ripley C. C. Affirmed. state purposes, for the year 1846, to enter receipt on the tax book JANUARY, 17th. of the proper county, is favor of such volunteer or volunteers, in the manner prescribed in the act to which this is amendatory, in Woodruff v. Atchison. - Error in the Lagrange C. C. all cases where the taxes remain due and unpaid. And that in all Per Curiam -The case was submitted to the jury be- cases where any taxes have been collected from any of said volun-

ties to amend the other pleadings and make up the issues said year 1847, shall not exceed the amount with which said volunteer or volunteers were chargeable for the year 1846; and in case the taxes of said volunteer or volunteers for 1847, shall exceed the amount of taxes aforesaid for 1846, then said treasurer shall cred PERKINS, J .- A, sued B, before a justice of the peace the taxes of said persons for 1847, with the amount of their taxes for and obtained judgment. B. making no defence, for a 1846; and in case the taxes of said volunteer or volunteers for 1846. hall exceed the amount of their taxes for 1847, then the full fraction over \$30. B. appealed to the C. C., where a amount for 1847, shall be credited as aforesaid, and the said treasurjudgment was rendered against him for a fraction less than er shall refund the difference in said taxes to the person or persons

> Sec. 4 And be it further enacted. That the provisions of this act, and the act to which this is amendatory, be extended to the volunteers and regulars who are now in the service in the Mexican

Sec. 6. This art to take effect and be in force from and after its WILLIAM A. PORTER. Speaker of the House of Representatives.

PARIS C. DUNNING. President of the Senate. Approved, January 13, 1848. JAS. WHITCOMB

A MEETING

will be held at the Supreme Court Room, on Saturday (this) evening, 22d inst., at 6 o'clock. PERRINS, J .- The local act of 1846 authorizing the A general attendance of the Members and others Jan. 20, 1848.

> LECTURE. Mr. E. T. Fletcher will continue his Lecture on Mexico, at Roberts Chapel, on Monday evening next at half past 6 o'clock. A sketch of Chihuahua, of Zacatecas, and many of the larger towns and cities of interior Mexico, will be given, as also the man-

NEW BOOKS. lot of New Books, among which may be found the following

Lord's exposition of the Apoca-Parley's tales of animals. Incidents in American history, Doniphan's expedition. by J. W. Barber. The West, by Hall. D'Au'irne's Cromwell. Sacred Mountains, fine edition. Greek Testament, with English Xenophon, translated.

Po-ket maps of Indiana. Stealey's map of Mexico. Cheap Publications. Kate Mortin, or the perils of Col. Tortogh O'Brien George Lovell Cockney in America

Colonel De Surville Splendors of Versailles and the Court of Louis XIV Midsummer Eve, a Fairy tale of Bates's new building.

State of Indiana, Hamilton county. IN THE HAMILTON PROBATE COURT, NOVEMBER TERM, 1847. NOW comes Annias Thom; son, a minist ator of the estate of Now, what was the bill, to save which, and to vote and succinctly the situation of said estate, and showing that the per-I said deceased, and files his petition herein showing clearly

friend, vs. Isaac Marts, Jane Smith, John C. Smith, Mary Ann

State of Indiana, Hamilton county, ss. HAMILTON CIRCUIT COURT, FOR MARCH TERM, 1848.

Petition for Divorce.

of said petition, and that the same is now pending in said court, JOHN G. BURNS, Clerk. January 8, 1848. E. S. Stone, sol. for comp. 71/3w (\$2,12)

Administrator's Notice. ETTERS of administration having been granted to the unon county, Indiana, all persons who know themselves indebted to Mr. PETER MENARD, one of the old pioneers of the ed to call and settle the same; and persons having claims against said estate, are notified to present them. The estate is solvent. JOHN B. STUMPH. Indianapolis, January 20, 1848.

TEACHER WANTED.

curing the services of a gentleman competent to take charge of the Expensive Stander, -At East Cambridge, Mass., from Malden, and a knowledge of this fact, would Institution. The Seminary is located in Brookville, Franklin county, Indiana, and is now in a most prosperous condition. After strenuous efforts it has been raised above an ordinary district school; and out of a large number of scholars there are none under ten years of age, and The American Bible Society are now printing, all advanced beyond the mere elementary branches of an education ; at their establishment in Nassan street, New York, and it is the determination of the Trustees to preserve this teature of the Institution. No salary is given—the Teacher relying entirely on the been recently fitted up at considerable expense with single seats and desks, and other improvements, and will be kept in repair by the Trustees. The present session will expire on the 8th of March, and the next will commence on the 16th day of April next. Application for Secretary of the Bourd of Trustees of Franklin Seminary. Brook ville, Jan. 1848.

DAGUERREOTYPE LIKENESSES. "Secure the Shadow, ere the Substance Fade."

THOMAS HAVES, associate of Mr. A. Terry of 181 Broadway, New York, and 23 East Fourth street, Cincinn ati, has completed his arrangements for taking miniatures in the above beautiful art, and has fitted up apartments in Johnson's buildings, on Washington street, three doors west of Browning's hotel, Indianapolis. Mr. Hayes having been engaged in the business for the last five years, in the city of New York, and being possessed of all the late improvements, has no hesitation in saying that his pictures are equal to any in the world; and having devoted two years to study and experiments in colors, in that department he challenges comparison. Persons wishing to avail themselves of Mr. H.'s skill would do well to call as soon as possible, as he can only remain during the present session of the Legislature.

Instructions given in the art, and every thing appertaining to it for

sale at New York prices.

GUARDIAN'S SALE. OTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, guardian of the person and estate of Joseph F. Beck, minor heir of George F Beck deceased, late of Marion county, will on the 26th day of Februury, A. D. 1848, proceed to sell at public sale, by the order of the Prohate Court of Marion county, the following described tract of land belonging to the estate of the said Joseph F. Beck, to-wit: part of outlot numbered 142 of the donation lands a joining the original town plat of the town of Indianapolis, bounded as follows: Commencing on the north east corner of said lot, running west sixty-eight feet four inches on Washington street, thence south one hundred and ninetythree feet along a line formerly called Boatright's line, thence west therty-six feet to said Boatright's line, thence south one hundred and nine feet to the same Boatright's line, thence east one hundred and five feet to an alley or street, thence on said alley or street three hundred and nine feet to the point of commencement on Washington street. Said sale will be held on said day between the hours of ten o'clock, A. M. and four o'clock, P. M., in Indianapolis, on the above described premises, upon the following terms:

One-third of the purchase-money to be paid in hand, and the remaining two-thirds in twelve and eighteen months from the date of the sale, in equal payments; notes will be required for the two last payments, bearing interest from date, with sufficient freehold security, made payable without any relief whatever from valuation or appraise-ADAM WRIGHT, Guardian. January 18, 1848.

NOTICE. SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned, at the office of the Secretary of State, until Saturday the 29th at 2 1,200 do of Agne Cake, or Entarged Spleen; o'clock, P. M., for the folding and binding of the Laws and Journals 1,500 do of Liver Complaint of the General Assembly of the session of 1847-8, in the manner prescribed by law. The successful bidder or bidders will be required to give security to the amount of two thousand dollars for the faithful

performance of the contract. D. MAGUIRE, Auditor of State. Jan 15, 1848. 70w2 SAM. HANNAH, Treasurer of State.
JNO. H. THOMPSON, Sec. of State.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CONFEC-TIONERY.

Mulberry Street, Madison, Ind. KOEHLER constantly manufactures and keeps on hand a • supply of Candies, Sugar Plams, &c., in quality equal to any nufactured in the west, which he sells at the regular Cincinnati and Louisville prices. Dealers in the article are respectfully invited to call at the wholesale Confectionery on Mulberry street, a few doors below Main Cross street, and judge for themselves. Also, a general assortment of handsome TOYS, a variety of Nuts Fruits, &c., for sale cheap. [Madison, Jan. 1848.] law3wff

A MERICAN Tract Society Publications constantly kept on han and for sale, in large or small lots, by HOOD & NOBLE, Bates's new building PRINTER'S INK. T Cincinnati prices, and of an excellent quality, constantly kept

A on hand by LARD OIL. F a superior quality, winter strained, for sale by NOEL & CO.

FAMILY FLOUR. OO BARRELS, of a choice brand, for sale by NOEL & CO.

OMEESE! OMEESE! 2,000 LBS. of Western Reserve, Rush County, and Morgan County Cheese, wholesale and retail by NOEL & CO.

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES. IMPROVED WHEAT THRESHERS.

*ARMERS are respectfully not fied that the undersigned will contique as the Agent of Taylor & Embree of Ohio, in the sale of their Improved Wheat Threshers, which are admitted to be the best article of the kind ever introduced into the western country. They will be sold on reasonable terms, which will be made known upon application to me at indemapolis, JOHN LISTER.

State of Indiana, Marion county. IN THE MARION CIRCUIT COURT, OCTOBER TERM, 1847. In Chancery.

Dan. Horton, vs. James Adams, William Smith, Maxwell Adams, John Adams, Moore Adams, Charles Adams, Catharine Adams, Ann Adams and Julia Adams. EACH of the above named defendants, except the defendant Smith, are hereby notified that at the October term in the year 1847, of the circuit court aforesaid, the complainant filed in said court his bill of complaint in the a ove entitled suit ; that the same is now pending in said court, and that unless they appear and plead to, or answer said bill on or before the calling of the cause at | Bridgeport; W. J. UNGLES, Belleville. the next term of said court, to be held on the third Monday in January next, the same and the matters and things therein con-

taned as set forth, will be taken as confessed and held as true against them. By order of the court. R. B. DUNCAN, Clerk. R L. Wa'pole and Wm. Quarles, Solrs.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE. OTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Daniel Peery, deceased, will, pursuant to an order of the probate court of Marion county, on the third Saturday of February next, proceed to sell at public auction, in front of the Washington Hall in the city of Indianapolis, a tract of land belonging to said estate, described as follows, to-wit: the north east quarter of section 36, in township 15 north, range 4 east, containing he hundred and aixty acres. The said sale will be made subject to the payment by the purchaser of a morigage thereon to the State of Indiana, to secure the payment of five hundred dollars, and such interest as may be due thereon, which amount will be declared at the time of the sale, and a credit of six and twelve months will be given for the residue of the purchase money, secured by notes with afficient freehold security, made payable in equal instalments, without any relief whatever from valuation or appraisement laws.

ELIAS N. SHIMER, Administrator.

Dec. 31, 1847. State of Indiana, Marion county.

IN THE MARION CIRCUIT COURT, FOR JANUARY TERM, 1848. In Chancery Rebecca Clark vs. George Tibbitts and George Dilliner. THE said Rebecca Clark having on the 23d day of December, 1847, filed her bill of complaint against said George Tibbitts and George Dilliner in the above entit ed suit, in the office of the clerk of said Marion circuit court; also an affiliavit of a disinterest ed person, showing that said George Tibbitts is not a resident of the State of Indiana Therefore the said George Tibbitts is hereby notified of the filing of said bill; that the same is pending in said court, and that unless he appears and pleads to, or answers said bill on or before the calling of the cause at the next term of said court to be held at the Court House in Indianapolis on the third Monday in January next, the same will be taken as confessed and held as true against him. R. B. DUNCAN, Cierk. Dec. 23, 1847 R. S. Walpole, Soir.

WOOLLEN BLANKETS. LARGE lot of Woollen Blankets, from Whitney & Hendricks' Mannfactory, some of which are of a superior quality, now opening and for sale at from \$2 to \$7 a pair at WILLARD'S jan 12 68 No. 5, Griffith's block, opposite Palmer House. State of Indiana, Marion county, Sct. IN THE MARION CIRCUIT COURT. In Chancery to foreclose a Mortgage.

Charles Brenkman vs. George W. Mears, administrator of the estate or they, and his or their surctics shall be liable. of Frederick Schwiecke, deceased, and the unknown heirs of said THE said Charles Brenkman having on this 5th day of January, 1848, filed in the office of the clerk of the Marion circuit court his bill of complaint in the above entitled cause, with an affidavit attached thereto, showing that said defendants, the unknown heirs of said Frederick Schwiecke, deceased, are not residents of the State of Indiana; therefore said defendants, the unknown heirs of said Frederick Schwiecke, deceased, are hereby notified of the filing of said bill of complaint, that the same is pending in said Marion circuit court, andthat unless they appear and plead to, or answer said bill on or before the calling of said cause at the next term of said court, the same and the marters and things therein contained, will be taken as confessed and held as true against them.

R. B. DUNCAN, Clerk. R. I. Walpole, Solr. Jan. 5, 1848. 65 3w State of Indiana, Marion county. IN THE PROBATE COURT OF SAID COUNTY, DECEMBER TERM, 1847. Petition for Portation of Real Estate.

Alexander Mock and John Mock es. Samuel Beaver, Jacob Lingle, En Beaver, Daniel Beaver and Absalom Beaver, and others. THE said Jacob Lingle, Samuel Beaver, Eli Beaver, Daniel Beaday of December, 1847, the said Alexander and John Mock filed their petition in said probate court against them and others in the above entitled case; also, the affidavit of a disinterested person, showing that said defendants above named are not residents of the State of Indiana. The said non resident defendants are therefore hereby notified of the filing and pendency of said petition, and that unless they appear and plead to, or answer the same on or before the calling of the cause at the next term of said court, to be held at the Court flouse in Indianapolis on the third Monday in February next, the same will be taken as confessed and held as true against them. By order of said court. R. B. DUNCAN, Clerk.

State of Indiana, Spencer County, ss. SPENCER CIRCUIT COURT, OCTOBER TERM, 1847. Thomas G. Mason admr. De Bonos non of the estate of Matthew Kennton, deceased, vs. Roremore Dugar, James F. Beard, Ferdinand Beard, Perlina Beard, and the unknown heirs of Matthew H.

65-3w

Lucian Barbour, Sol. Dec. 26, 1847.

OW at this time comes the complainant by counsel, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court by affidavits berein filed, that Rosemore Dugar, and the unknown heirs aforesaid, are not resi dents of the State of Indiana. It is therefore ordered by the court, that said defendants be notified of the pendency of this suit by publication of this order for three successive weeks in the Indiana State Sentinel, a public newspaper of general circulation printed and published in the city of Indianapolis, State of Indiana the last of which said publications shall be at least sixly days before the first day of the next term of this court, and that unless they, the said defendants appear here on or before the calling of the cau-e at the next term of this court and plead, answer or demar to complamants' bill of complaint, the same will be taken as conjessed and decreed accordingly, and this cause is continued. By order of court. JOHN CRAWFORD Clerk,

By S. W. FAIRFIELD, Dep. Clk. Rockport, December 23, 1847. T. F. De Bruler, L. Q. Cotton and Wool Machine Cards.

DHE subscriber, thankful for the very liberal patronage hd has recrived for the last twelve years from Manufacturers and Carders of the West, would now inform them that he has on hand, and will be receiving the present winter, a good assortment of Machine Cards, manufactured at Leicester, Massachusetts which will be warranted in every particular, and sold at Cincinnati prices with the freight added. Also Packs, Emory and Comb plate. A. G. WILLARD, Jan. 7, 1847. 58 No. 5, Graffith's block, opposite Palmer House.

T. GILBERT & CO'S PIANO FORTES. 1 ted Manufactory, Boston, Mass., two Piano Fortes; one of which is a beautiful Hollow Corner, Rosewood Case, with an Astian Attachment. They are warranted in every particular, and are offered for sale for cash, at the Manufacturers' ware from prices. I can furnish to order, from the same establishment, Pianos of every description de-A. G. WILLARD. sired, on the same terms. jan 12 68 No. 5, Griffith's block, opposite Palmer House.

SHAWLS! SPLENDID tot of BROCHE, MERINO, THIBET WOOL, A DAMASK CRAPE SILK AND PLADWOOL SHAWLS. Also, a beautiful article of Merino Long Shawls,

for sale at from \$1 to \$15 00, at jan 12 68 No. 5 Griffith's block, opposite Palmer House. TELEGRAPH LINE. AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. N.

Between Cin innati and Louisville. Steamer FASHION, Steamer PIKE No. 9,
M. G. Anders, Master. P. G. Anshurz, Master.

O NE of the above Boats will leave Cincinnati and Louisville,
punctually at 10 o'clock, A. M. [Madison Cour. Jan, 15.] 3in

BRAGG'S INDIAN QUEEN VEGETA-BLE SUGAR COATED PILLS, The Great Popular Medicine

Of the day---Vast amount used per month---The numerous and Wonderfal Cures is effects--- Its Magical Effect upon Bilious Fevers, and Fever and Ague--- Great Excitement among the Doctors!

THE INDIAN QUEEN VEGETABLE SUGAR COATED PILLS BY now admitted, on all hands, to be the most ex'raordinary and valuable medicine in general use. It not only acts as a specific upon Bilious and Typhus Fevers, Chills and Fever, and Fever and Ague of the west and south, but in all diseases of debility, weak stomach, indigestion, loss of appetite, impucity of the blood, and ail diseases prevalent in a western and outhern climate. Their great power consists in their peculiar effect upon all the organs of the system, and the rapid formation of new and rich blood, which they produce. In this lies the great secret of their success. They are mild and pleasant in their action, but searching and permanent in their effect; penetrating the remotest recesses of the system by their ready absorption into the blood, thereby infusing a new supply of vitality and nervous power into all the machinery of life. The extensive popularity they have acquired all over the west and

50,000 Boxes per Month, And we find it difficult, with our large force of hands, and the late improvements in machinery which we have adopted, to manufacture them fast enough to supply the demand in thirteen western and southern States! One large manufactory is constantly engaged in preparing the various concentrated extracts of which bey are composed. From the best information we can obtain from our 8,000 selling agents, and hosts of attentive cor espondents in all parts of the country, our medicine cures, per month, not less than 10,000 cases of Fever and Ague, one thousand of which have resisted all other treatment;

4,500 cases of Bitious Fever;

5,300 do of weakness and general debility; 2,500 do of various chronic diseases; 2,000 do of weak stomach and loss of appetite 800 do of Dyspepsia;

1,200 do of Rheumatism 1,000 do of Female complaints;

500 do of Scarlet Fever; 400 do of Typhus Fever; 300 do of Putrid Sore Throat. This must appear almost incredible, but the numerous letters

from physicians, agents, and those who use the medicine, from all the western and southern States, satisfy us that this is a moderate estimate, and that our medicine is rapidly taking the place of the various sugar-coated counterfeits which are affout, and the numerus tonic mixtures, made wholly of quinine, which are imposed upon the public by manufacturers who live, nobedy knows where! Dr. Bragg's famous Sugar Coated Indian Queen Vegetable Pills are of two sinds-the Cochartic and Tonic. The Tonic pills are peculiarly adapted to the quick and permanent care of Fever and ague, torpor of the Liver, and general detaility. It is in Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, &c., that they achieve their greatest triumphs. It rorely requires over twelve hours; or more than half a box of the lonic pil's to break the chi ils and effect a permanent curewinch is rarely the case with the tonic mixtures of quintine, hawked about the country by ignorant pretenders. Those who take the tonic pills will never forsake them.

larity, and extraordinary virtues should cause Great excitement among the Doctors! The prejudices of physicians against their use are at last giving way to the play of reason, and the convictions of every-day experience which they derive from their patients and friends who Doctors are now almost every day sending orders from every part of the country for a supply of these pills to use in their prac-Here is one all the way from the State of Mississippi, just receiv-

Who can wonder, then, that a medicine of such extensive popu-

ed. Let doctors and the sick look to it, and hasten to procure a supply of this wonderful Tonic : BEACH GROVE, TIPPAH Co., MISS., July 19th, 1847. To Dr. Bragg, St. Louis, Missouri Dear Sir-I have to inform you that I have used all our Tonic Pills, and therefore pray you to send me another supply humedi

ately, as there is much lever and ague within the bounds of my practice, and I hardly know how to satisfy and cure my patients without them. I have thoroughly tested your Tonic Pills in my practicethrough his country, not only in chills and tever, but in real typhoid fever and have met with such success from their use, that I now find mysed at a great loss to get along without them. I consider them a great blessing to the people of the west and south, and I om satisfied that they are important in the cure of more diseases than you

recommend them for. Don't fail to forward ma a supply by mail, as quickly as possi Very respectfully, yours, JAMES HODGES, M. D. TFFor sale, wholesale and retail by S. J. WADE and TOM LINSON BROTHERS, Indianapolis; H. E. GREEN, Brownsurg; JOHN W. VAUGHAN, Pittsborough; CAVE J. CAR TER, Jamestown; B. SWEENEY, Roylton; DAVID WOOD FORD, Thorntown; LANE & SION, Lebanon; PITZER & WELSH, Eagle Vidage; GRAFTON JOHNSON, Greenwood; MANWARING & ADAMS, Franklin; N. D. ROBINS, Edito ourg; EDWARD P. DAY, Shelbyville; LUDLOW & KENE DY, Marion; IRA BAYLEY, Freeport; H. PIERSON, Green field; WM. SILVER, Pendleton; WILLIS G. ATHERTON,

Andersontown; J. HOCKET, Plainfield; J. W. WALTON, May 25th, 1847. epW&SW1vC27is

SEALED PROPOSOLS WILL be received by Samuel M. Rutherford, Choctaw agent and acting superintendent Western Territory at the Choctaw agency west of the State of Arkansas, until 12 o'clock, meridian, March 1, 1848, for turnishing subsistence to the Choctair Indians who shall emigrate from the States of Mississippi and Alabamate the Chectaw country West of the tate of Arkansas, during the year 1848 for the term of one year after their arrival; and to those who have emigrated since the 1st of Jane last, for the unexpired term of one year from that time. The daily rations to consist of one pound of fresh beef or fresh pork, or three fourths of a pound of salt pork, and three fourths of a quart of corn or of corn meal, or of one pound of wheat flour to each person, and four quarts of salt for every one hun

The number removed since the 1st June is about twenty-five, and it is estimated that there are about 3000 yet east of the Mississippi to be temoved. Measures have been recently taken by the Indian Depart ment to inclidate their early emigration, but the situation of the inclians is such that it is impossible at the present time to indicate the immber of those still east who will determine to remove west, or the time that those who shall remove will arrive in their new country. It is supposed, however, that a small party will emigrate during the six eeding month of January, and others at different periods during the year as they can be collected and prepared for the journey. A contract will be made for those who have removed since June, and of all who may emigrate during the year 1848, more or fewer; the subsistence to be farnished by the contractor at such times, and a such places in the Indian country, as the agent of the Choctaws for the time being, or such person of persons as he may appoint, shall demate. The Department, and its agents, will use all proper exertions o hasten the emigration and make it general, but it will not be responable in any way for the failure or refusal of the Indians to remove. The proposals must be accompanied by satisfactory evidence that those making hem have the ability to execute the contracts, - the names of the persons they ratend giving as their sureties therefor and a written guaranty from such persons that a contract will promptly be entered into in conformity with the proposals if accepted. The ddeness, business capacity and pecuniary a mily of the proposers. and the sufficiency of their sureties, must be certified to by an other

of the United States. No proposal will be considered in regard to which these requirements are not complied with. It must be distinctly understood that all and every expense connected with or incident to the transportation of the provisions to the prace or places which shall be selected for their issue to the Indians, and with or to the issuing of them, is to be borne by the contractors, and that the United States reserve the right, whenever the proper officer of the Government shall be of opinion that the contractor or contractors is or are not performing his or their contract faithfully, and in the proper spirit, to declare the same null and void, and to cause the proper issues of rations o be made for the remainder of the time specified in the contract, on account of the contractor or contractors, and for which be Bond with two or more sureties in a penalty of \$25,000 will be reouted for the faithful performance of the contract. The sufficiency of the screties to be approved by a Judge or a District Attorney of the

War Department, Office Indian Affairs, 24th December, 1847. 66 epist 13th Feb. BOOTS AND SHOES. THE subscriber has now in his employ the very best workmen the country affords, and has on hand a large quantity of the finest stock of Leather, selected by himself expressly for

this market. He will now manufacture Boots and Shoes of every description and style, warranted to perform well, and at such prices as cannot lat, to suit. He particularly desires The Attention of the Ladies, as he is determined that none of the common paper concerns, so much pulled, shall begin to match with his, either in soitness, durability, style, or cheapness. As they value their lives, health, and appearance,

comforable under foot. They shall certainly be suited in every re-Persons preferring imported Boots and Shoes, are informed that ice has on hand an extensive assortment selected by himself; and being practically familiar with the business, all may fest assured that he mas none that he cannot recommend as superior to those generally sold, All desirous to be pleased in bargains, are invited to give him a coal, He is still at the old stand, opposite Washington Hall, two doors wast of Tommson's Drug Store, ready to wait on and suit his customers.

he advises, at this season of the year especially, that they be neat and

STILL THEY COME. THE subscribers are every day receiving, and disposing of large quantities of Stoves of every description; Parlor a d Air Tight Stoves, of the latest and most improved patterns; and a fresh supply of the new and celebrated New York Air Tight, called

Don't forget his low prices. y32vHtren60vH1 A. KNODLA

Browning Stove, which are admirably calculates for hotels, churches, school houses, offices, &c., there being six different sizes. Also, a new arrival of the great and celebrated Combination Cook Stove,

The good qualities of which it is entirely unnecessary to enume rate, as the people are secoming familiar with the superior accomtages they possess over any other cook stove ever yet known in Fremium Cook Stoves.

Of all sizes, best make, constantly on hand and for sale, at cost

KELLOGG & DAVIDSON, Sign of the red stove and big padlock.

State of Indiana, Marion county.

In Chancery. Robert H. King, vs. the Widow and unknown heirs of Richard M. Bell, deceased, and others. THE defendants, the widow and unknown beirs of Ri hard M Bell, deceased, are hereby notified, that on the 16th day of December, 1847, the above named complainant, Robert B. k ng. aled his bid or complaint against them and others, the at ove only tled suit, in the clerk's office of the Marion circuit court; also an athdavit showing that they, the widow and unknown heirs of care Richard M. Bed, are not residents of the State of Indiana. They are further notified, that said suit is now pending in said court, and that unless they appear and plead to, or answer the bill on or ir fore the calling of the cause at the next term of said court, to be

against them. John L. Ketcham, Solr. for complament. R. B. DUNCAN. December 16, 1847. ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. ETTERS of administration having been granted to the under county, Indiana, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to call and settle the same, and persons having claims against said estate are notified to present them. The estate is probably solvent.

held at the Court House in Indianapolis on the third Monda; in

January next, the same will be taken as confessed, and held as it ue

ROBERT L. WALPOLE, Adm'r. H. A. FLETCHER,

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, Cotton Yarns, Eastern Sole Leather, Sc. Opposite Browning's Hotel.

SCHOOL BOOKS. THE Subscribers would inform the public, that they are prepared to sell school books by wholesale at the publishers' prices.
67 HOOD & NOBLE, Bates's new building

DYE STUFFS! NDIGO, Mudder. &c. &c., by the keg or pound, low for cash. HAMILTON 4 PARRISH